GCSE Statistics

Planning Investigations

Total	marks	avail	able:	35
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Total marks achieved: _____

Instructions

- Use black ink or ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
- there may be more space than you need.
- Scientific calculators may be used.
- You must show all your working out with your answer clearly identified at the end of your solution.

Information

- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
- use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Youssef is investigating the amount of time students spend on social media.

Here is what Youssef has written down for his hypothesis and how he plans to collect, process and present his data.

Hypothesis

Do girls spend more time than boys on social media?

Data to collect

- Gender of student
- Time spent on social media in one week (using categories: 1-2 hrs, 3-4 hrs, 5-6 hrs)
- Name of student

Processing and presenting data

- Work out an estimate of the mean weekly time boys spend on social media
- · Work out an estimate of the mean weekly time girls spend on social media
- Draw a scatter graph with gender on the horizontal axis and time spent on social media on the vertical axis
- Draw a time series graph showing how the amount of time spent on social media has changed over the years

Discuss whether Youssef's hypothesis and his plans for collecting, processing and presenting his data are appropriate.

Q2.

Gary is going to investigate the amounts of time students spend watching TV.

He is going to write a plan for this investigation.

His hypothesis is

"The amount of time that boys spend watching TV is greater than the amount of time that girls spend watching TV".

Write down three other things he should include in his plan.

Explain why each of these things is appropriate.

You must refer to more than one stage of the statistical enquiry cycle.

Q3.

Tariq wants to investigate the distance people travel to get to their holiday destination and the price of the holiday.

He is going to write a plan for this investigation.

Write down one thing that he should include in his plan for each of

- data collection
- presenting and interpreting diagrams
- presenting and interpreting calculations

Explain why each of your choices is appropriate.

You may use the blank space below to plan your answer and write your answer on the lines provided on the opposite page.

Q4.

Α١	et wants to es	sumate the	average	weight of	aduit iei	nale short	naii cais.			
Sh	e took a samp	le of 8 adu	ult female	shorthair	cats that	were bro	ught to he	er clinic.		
He	re are the cats	s' weights	in kilogra	ms.						
		4.0	4.5	9.8	5.1	4.1	4.5	4.2	3.9	
(a)	Identify the o	utlier.								
										Lon
										kg
Th	e vet plans to	estimate t	he averaç	ge weight	of adult f	emale sho	orthair cat	s using th	is data.	,
(b)	Give her adv	ice.								
	You should co Give reasons			e plans to	use and	which ave	erage she	should c	hoose.	
•••										
•••										
									•••••	
				•••••						
										(5)

Q5.

A database contains information about the 2567 people registered at a medical centre.

Here is the information that the database contains on each person.

Name	Date of Registration	Age	Phone Number	Address	Postcode	Number of Appointments
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Rebecca wants to see if there is a relationship between the age of a person registered at the medical centre and the number of appointments this person has had at the medical centre.

Describe how Rebecca can plan to use technology to help her process and present the data for this investigation.

You should refer to the advantages of using technology to process and present data compared to doing so by hand.

Barbara found the following information about the average gross pay, in euros (€), for males and for females in ten countries in 2010

C	Average gross pay (€)			
Country	Male	Female		
Denmark	62 120	49 254		
Germany	44 465	34740		
Ireland	48 459	19177		
Spain	29 009	25 101		
France	37627	30406		
Netherlands	47373	36696		
Portugal	19424	15299		
Sweden	41 311	33 305		
United Kingdom	42710	31 115		
Switzerland	60 135	48972		
Mean	43 263	32407		
Product moment correlation coefficient	0.832			

(Source: Eurostat)

Barbara investigates this information using a suitable graph.

Using the information in the table and her graph, she reaches the following conclusion:

There is strong evidence that, for every €10 000 increase in gross pay for males, gross pay for females increases by €8000

(a) Explain, giving reasons, what Barbara is most likely to have done to reach this conclusion. You should consider

•	which type of graph she will have used and why how she will have used the graph and the information in the table

(b) Explain why Barbara's conclusion, based on using the data in the table, may be unreliable.	(5)
	(1)